

# Car Parking Using Smart Detection Techniques

Rahul Tekam, Shoheb Shaikh, Pranav Rathi, Himanshu Chambhare, Leela Bitla

Department of Information Technology

G H Raison College of Engineering, Nagpur, India

rahul.tekam.it@ghrce.raisoni.net, shoheb.shaikh.it@ghrce.raisoni.net, pranav.rathi.it@ghrce.raisoni.net,

himanshu.chambhare.it@ghrce.raisoni.net, leela.bitla@raisoni.net

**Abstract**—the purpose of this project is to develop and put into operation an autonomous parking system that would collect parking payments from cars without the usage of a magnetic card while also increasing parking use and safety. An intelligent parking system does not require a magnetic card and may operate with fewer human connections. A parking help system is also available, and it may direct users to the appropriate parking garage. Car parks and paying options made use of process of image to find the license plates. The systems often employ pre-programmed controls to guarantee that there is interaction with the parking system and manage access to prohibited areas. We created a vision-based smart parking framework to assist vehicles in finding a parking place. Secondly, we split the parking lot into blocks and classified each block based on whether it was filled or vacant. Next, on motorists' smartphones, we transmitted information about the availability of free or reserved parking. Because of its increased precision, our technology outperforms commercially available options.

**Keywords**—Space parking identification, Smart parking, Automatic parking.

## I. INTRODUCTION

The parking system is used in the parking lot to track cars as they arrive and depart. Finding a parking spot in a city can be time-consuming and stressful. Effective parking guides can help vehicles locate a parking space. Video systems are a low-cost alternative to traditional sensor-based systems and can be used within the system for a variety of functions via the camera input. As the car goes into this blank parallel room place, slowly straighten the steering wheel as you go to move back towards the parked car in the other end of the parking space. As you are steering the vehicle, continuously see all mirrors and through the windows and first screen to assure you are not in risk of reaching either of these vehicles bordering the parallel parking space. Because it is hard to put the camera perpendicular to the parking lots, space recognition is difficult under the impact of light variation, car shadow, and occlusion.

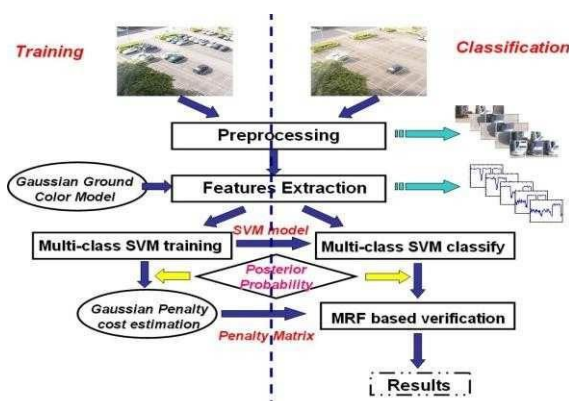


Fig 1: SVM Model

To achieve high identification accuracy under these extreme conditions, we train and identify from video frames

using machine learning algorithms rather than segmenting them directly to determine available space. Our objective is to create a highly precise, stable, and cost-effective automated detecting system for industrial use.

## II. RELATED WORK

The software contains a variety of secure devices such as parking access systems, expressways gates, time & existing gadgets, and automobile conditional machine. These elements are required in order to protect our automobiles, measure the numeric execution about complete cars coming & exiting. Data produced by the SmartlyPark System can estimate a parking operator's future parking patterns. Calculating parking fees also makes use of information gathered to increase the organization's profitability. Car owners benefit from the technology since it instantly displays available parking spaces, reducing traffic and time spent looking for a spot. The figures of automobiles parked incorrectly has well reduced. In addition, there is less traffic congestion. Another advantage of a smart parking system is that it guarantees security, safety, and safety.

Depending on the type of parking system being used, car drivers don't have to waste hours searching for available parking space while using a vehicle parking system. Instead, they can drive right to the place that is open. Finding a parking spot can be dangerous since the car driver's focus is taken away from the road to the available space. Key to the park car lot consequently facilitates drive, lowers stress and frustrations, and enhances parking lot safety. In order to increase safety, the parking system also scans for moving vehicles. Customers who park somewhere else, as on a conveyor belt, are free from concern over their parking arrangements. Simply parking a vehicle anywhere, and to the unpaid zone. A minimum of 40% of cars might be included in this strategy in addition to regular parking for vehicles. By using this method, car owners won't have to walk near car-park looking for a vacant place, climb stairs, or use their mind to recall where they parked. Despite the system's reputation for expensive maintenance and other costs, it offers useful space. Two categories can be used to classify PGIS features. This may be used to keep an eye on an entire city or just one parking lot. Big cities in countries, the UK, and the US, frequently employ the following categories. The PGIS provides essentially the same benefit as the Smart Parking System that was previously stated. The method of decision-making is very comparable. Drivers can find parking spaces in the parking lot and pick how to get to their chosen destinations with the help of the system information. The four parts of PGIS are the control center, the telecommunications networks, the information communication, collection mechanism. To give drivers a range of choices for searching for a vacant car-park spot, PGIS uses Message Signs variable. The quantity of spaces available and the parking space orientation of parking spaces can have a significant impact on the efficiency and safety of a parking lot or garage.

Ensuring sufficient parking places may assist prevent congestion and improve traffic flow by ensuring that there is space for all cars. Yet, having an excessive number of slots might cause unused area or higher maintenance fees. This techniques demonstrate best perform compared to commercially available options because it offers higher accuracy. Whenever a vehicle moves into or out of a particular parking zone, the status of the whole lot changes. New camera-based technologies also enable every parking space to scan a car's license plate. This is necessary as it allows the ID for certain car in a specific park spot and the records of any potential issues there. The use of this innovative technology benefits parking owners by increasing security and reducing costs. P-PGI uses cutting-edge software, image processing, integrates, and limit of info visualization choices for residents to assist municipal administration in enhancing mobility. Parking spaces that are free, information about road maintenance and recreation, local events that effect mobility, urban news, and other useful information may be displayed on the street. For example, while providing parking advise, the name of the parking lot, the quantity of spots it has, the location's accessibility, and its distance from the location are all noted. This makes it easier for motorists to locate and choose free parking spots throughout the town. The method is also used in the business world to direct customers to say the proper parking area on a company's campus. PGI is simple to connect to the city's other machines and information.



Fig 2: Example of Car parking Spot

### III. VARIOUS ALGORITHMS

#### A. Electronic Car-Park:

This car park system that allows autos to pick or request parking space (figure 3). You may reserve a place if one is available so that you will not have a parking difficulty when you get at your destination. Drivers may book a parking space using the Electronic Parking System in a variety of ways SMS, phone, and mail. Generally, method is used in airports. Benefits of parking systems include eliminating the trouble of finding a parking space.

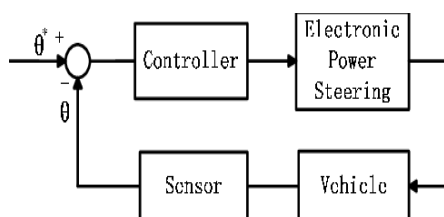


Fig 3: Electronic Parking

When the driver engages the switch, the Module receives a signal and determines that the stopping brakes must be applied. The electric engines installed in brake calipers are then instructed to function by this module. Because electrical

components are used, this framework's operation is generally swift and efficient. Due to the lack of a mechanical link, it also improves brake dependability. When the driver hits the quick agent pedal, this brake immediate disengages. Some manufactures provide Assist capabilities using this technology.[1]

#### B. Wireless based parking:

(Figure 4) below shows an illustration of such a setup. Using components like temperature sensors, light and acoustics, this technique transmits data to an internet server that analyses it and to parking users who may use it to verify the availability of parking. To transmit data wirelessly, a wireless system makes use of nodes dispersed across the parking lot. This lowers the cost of installation and maintenance and increases the system's adaptability. It demo wireless system performance. This technique makes use of drivers who check online parking availability as well as sensor network for climate, noise, and lights that use the network to transfer data to a processed database.[2]

#### C. Smartly Parked System:

It is type of car-park technique uses a sophisticated method to get over the drawbacks of the conventional method of paying for a parking metre. The old-fashioned approach of paying, which necessitates cash drivers and causes delays and issues, is better. In terms of maintenance, payment processing personnel, and traffic management, the new payment system is less expensive [3]. The nations that use the intelligent payment system like Italy, UK. This system employs a variety of methods.

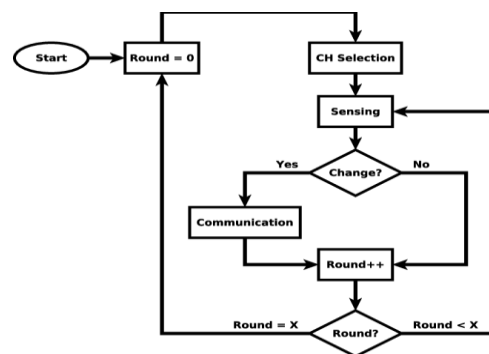


Fig 4: Wireless based Parking

#### D. Image Based Parking:

This is the type of parking lot that uses cameras to capture images of the parking lot. This method is frequently employed because when an image and a parking spot are registered, the picture of the space is instantaneously altered. As a result, a fresh image and updated information documenting the modifications to the parking lot are captured. (Figure 6) shows a picture of the type of parking garage. With the image-based approach, a picture of the parking lot is taken with a camera. This is advantageous since it may be used to identify which parking lots are empty and then be used to guide a motorist to a parking space. Yet, sensors may be expensive, and cameras collect a lot of data[3].

#### E. Parking Based On Convey Belt:

An automated parking system, commonly referred to as a transport belt parking system, transports vehicles to predetermined parking bays through a web of convey belts. The system moves cars first from entry to open car parks, then moves them back to the exit point when the car is recovered. It does this using a network of conveyor belting. The ability to

fit several cars in a short amount of space is one of the main benefits of a transport belt parking system. As there are no driving lanes or spaces for drivers to navigate, the system may stack automobiles more densely than a conventional parking garage [4].

F. Parking based on Wired Sensor:

For each parking space, these parking lots use ultrasonic sensors that are linked to a web (figure no 8). This technique is widely used for collect car-park data to all parking lot. However this is regarded as expensive.[5]

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The smart parking lot detection system was developed and tested using image processing. The approach of picture detects as hint will increase the effectiveness of the usage of a moveable object by accepting as just a benchmark for detection process, use the circular image detection on every parking lot.. Instead of using a sensor basis, goal about this study is to detect the parking system using picture processing. To save sensor prices and wiring issues, a smart parking system was built using an integrated picture processing technology. As an addition to smart parking identification, future research will concentrate on safety parking systems. The parking lot occupancy has been represented as using a camera detection system. Using only a method that has been explained, the availability of four parks has been calculated. A Matlab programme has been shown to replicate sunny, rainy, and foggy weather. Understanding the Template Pictures and Edge Photos from an aerial perspective has been outlined in detail. With this method, you may find out if parking lots are full or empty by getting a photo, transforming it HSV, extract green rounds, recognising circles, getting red color pixel, eliminating sound, doing morphologic processes.

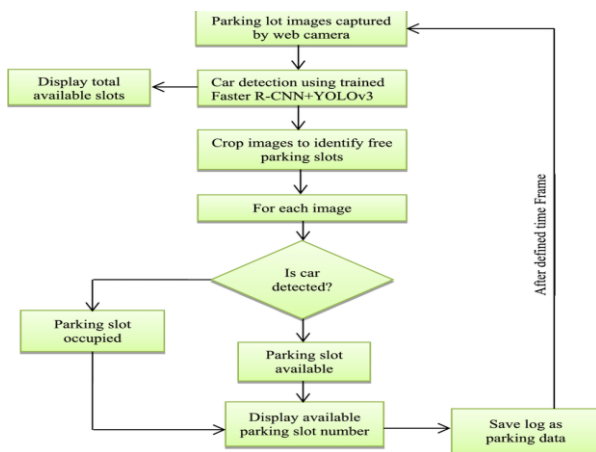


Fig 5: Smart Parking System

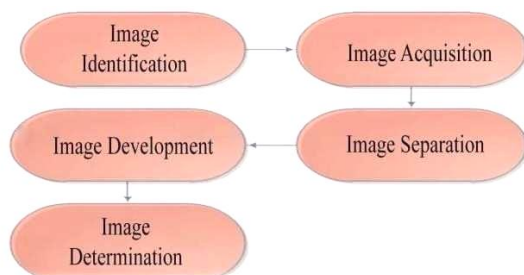


Fig 6: Image Based Parking

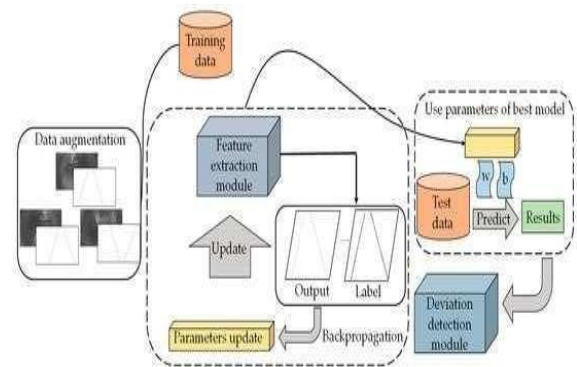


Fig 7: Parking Based On Convey Belt

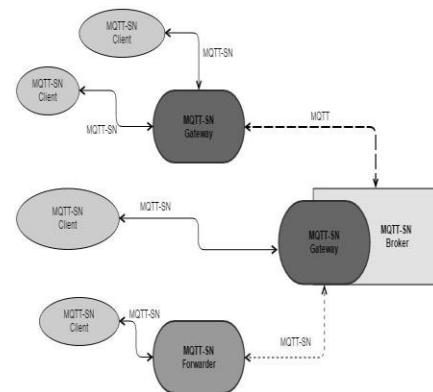


Fig 8: Parking Based on Wired Sensor

V. FUTURE SCOPE

This implementation is the first step in finding the problem's practical solution. This application has several future expansion. This can be examined when a parking place is reserved by a client or when leasing a place. In terms of fields of activity, the user can utilise Global positioning system to reserve a parking place from a distance. An organized management platform that verifies that the client exclusively gathers information that has been authorised.

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